In the developing world, 1.2 billion people live on less than a dollar a day and those who suffer from hunger by 2015.

In sub-Saharan Africa and southern Asia the proportion of people living in extreme poverty has actually increased since 1990 while in Latin America and the Caribbean it is unchanged. Eastern and southern Asia are on pace to meet the income poverty goal and south central Asia is making good progress. Two thirds of those who live on less than $1 a day in Asia.

**GOAL 1: ERADICATE EXTREME POVERTY AND HUNGER**

In sub-Saharan Africa and southern Asia the proportion of people living in extreme poverty has increased since 1990 while in Latin America and the Caribbean it is unchanged.

**GOAL 2: ACHIEVE UNIVERSAL PRIMARY EDUCATION**

Ensure that all girls and boys complete primary school by 2015.

**GOAL 3: PROMOTE GENDER EQUALITY AND EMPOWER WOMEN**

Ensure gender-disparities in primary and secondary education are preferably by 2015, and at all levels by 2030.

**GOAL 4: REDUCE CHILD MORTALITY**

Reduce by two thirds between 1990 and 2015 the under-five mortality rate.

**GOAL 5: IMPROVE MATERNAL HEALTH**

Reduce by three quarters between 1990 and 2015, the maternal mortality ratio.

**GOAL 6: COMBAT HIV/AIDS, MALARIA AND OTHER DISEASES**

Halve the incidence of HIV/AIDS and the incidence of malaria and other major diseases.

**GOAL 7: ENSURE ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY**

Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programmes and reverse the loss of environmental resources by 2015.

**GOAL 8: DEVELOP A GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR DEVELOPMENT**

**THE TARGET:** Rich countries are responsible for providing equitable access to their markets and technology and for creating a favourable financial environment. Good governance and a focus on social needs and human capital are essential for developing countries to implement the Goals within their own territories.

**THE TARGET:** By 2015, 1.2 billion people living on less than $1 a day will have moved out of poverty in the developing world.

**THE TARGET:** By 2015, at least 500 million children will have primary education.

**THE TARGET:** By 2015, gender-disparities in primary and secondary education are preferably by 2015, and at all levels by 2030.

**THE TARGET:** By 2015, under-five mortality rate will be reduced by two thirds.

**THE TARGET:** By 2015, maternal mortality ratio will be reduced by three quarters.

**THE TARGET:** By 2015, incidence of HIV/AIDS and the incidence of malaria and other major diseases will be halved.

**THE TARGET:** By 2015, the loss of environmental resources will be reversed.

**THE TARGET:** By 2015, a new international consensus for providing a global partnership for development will be in place.